

UX/UI Design

Agenda

- Why UX/UI matters?
- Design Issues
- Prototype
- Evaluation Methods

Why it matters

UX, user experience design, is the process of **enhancing user satisfaction** with a product by improving the **usability**, **accessibility**, and **pleasure** provided in the interaction with the product.

Why it matters

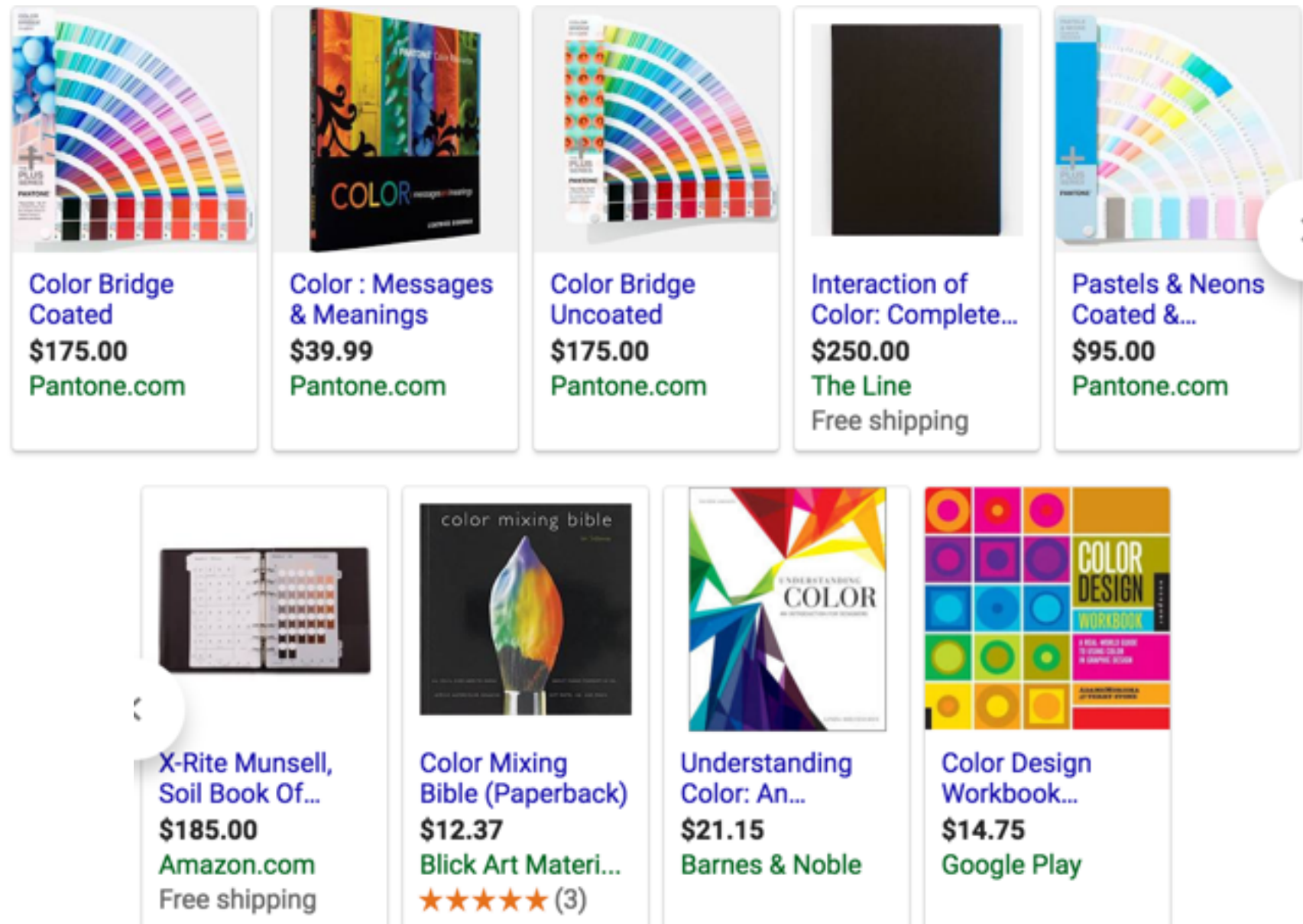
- It matters to User
- It matters to Developer
- It matters to Product Manager

Design Issue

- Color
- Gestalt design law

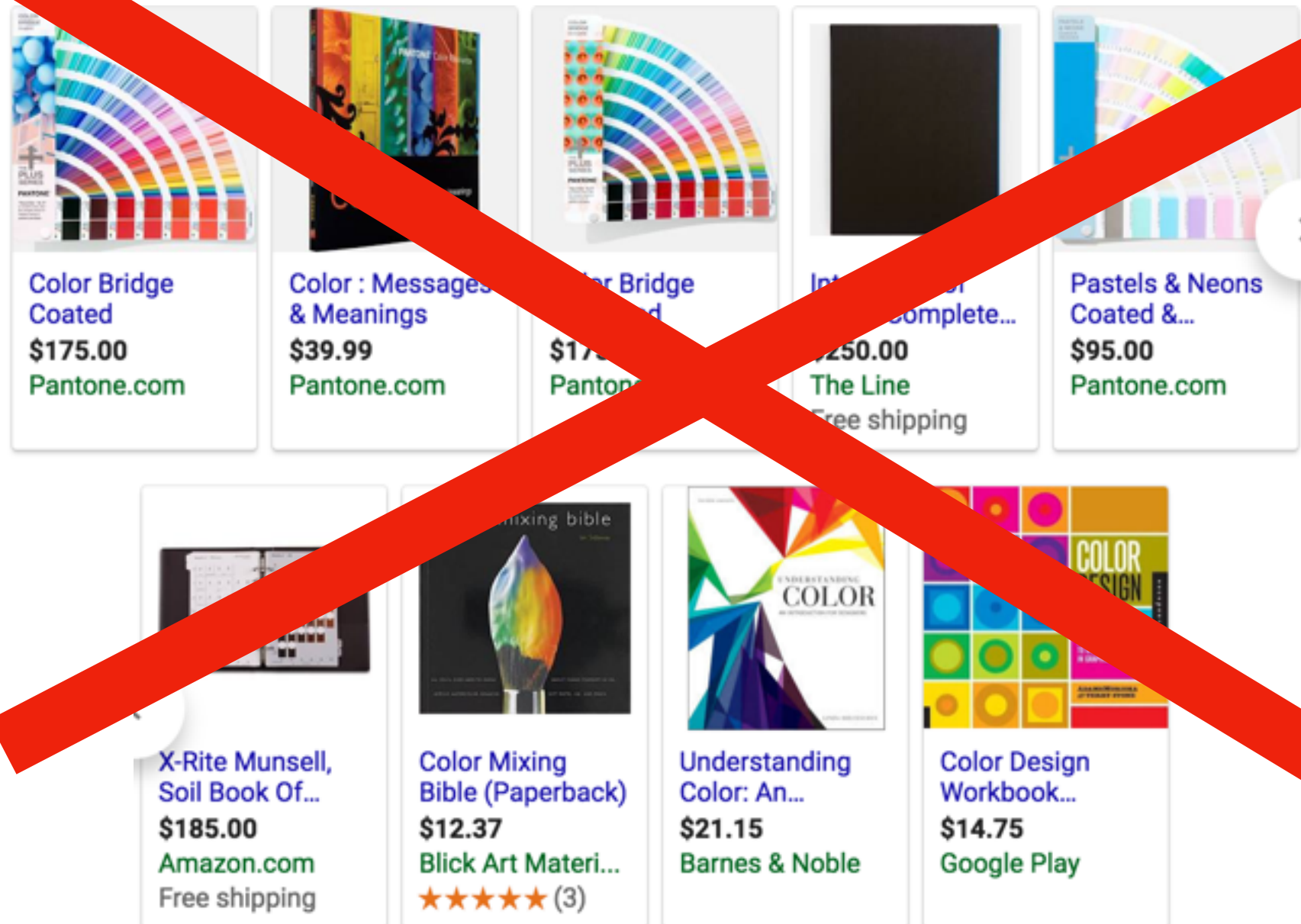
Design Issues - color

Color theory Books



Design Issues - color

Color theory Books

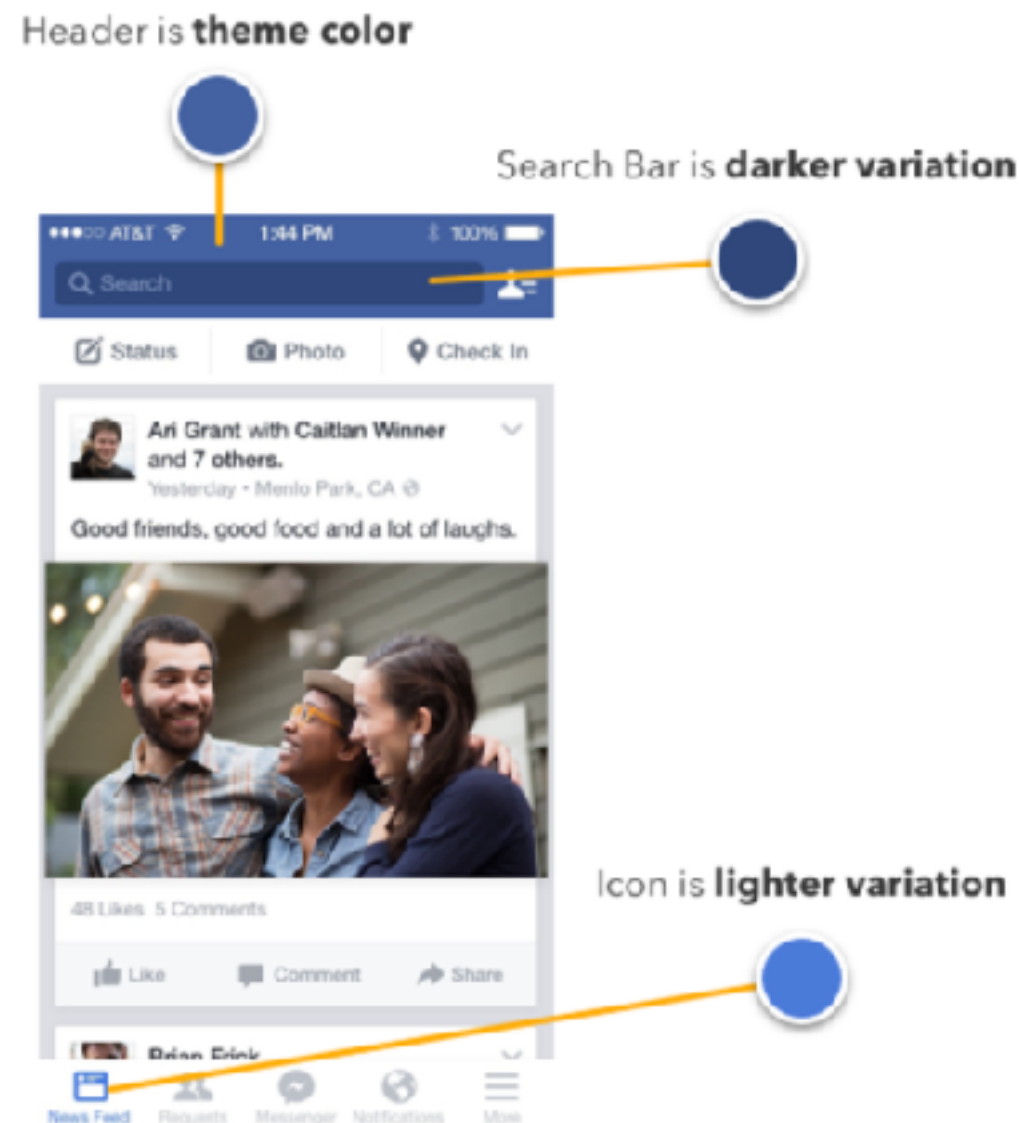


Design Issues - color

The **fundamental** skill of coloring interface designs is being able to **modify** one base color into **many different variations**.

Design Issues - color

Modify one theme color for any purpose



Design Issues - color

Modify one theme color for any purpose



Design Issues - color

Modify one theme color for any purpose



Design Issues - color

Use HSB (Hue, Saturation, Brightness) color system

- Darker color variation = higher saturation + lower brightness
- Lighter Color Variation = lower saturation + higher brightness
- Hue can be shifted

Design Issues - color

Where can I find colors?

- COLOR BREWER
- The Color Palette of THE GRAND BUDAPEST HOTEL

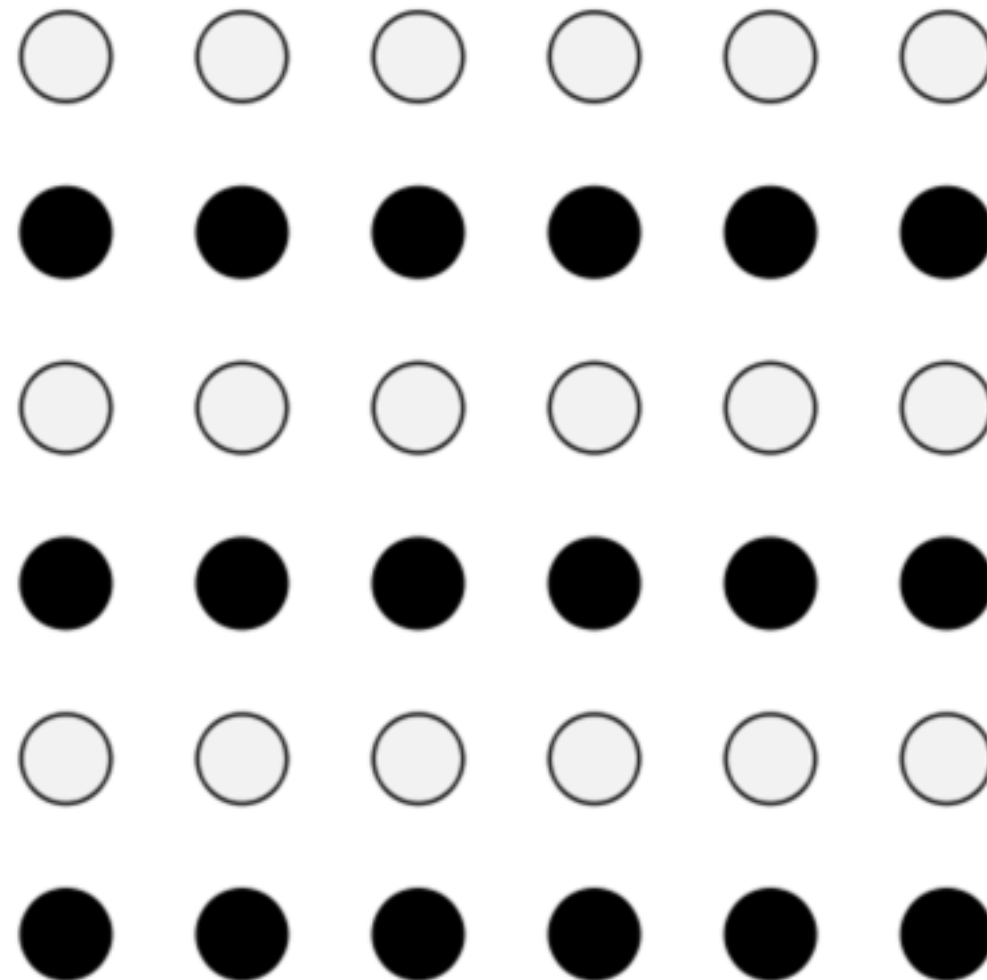
Design Issues - Gestalt Design Laws

Proximity: People group things together that are close together in space.



Design Issues - Gestalt Design Laws

Similarity: We group similar things together.



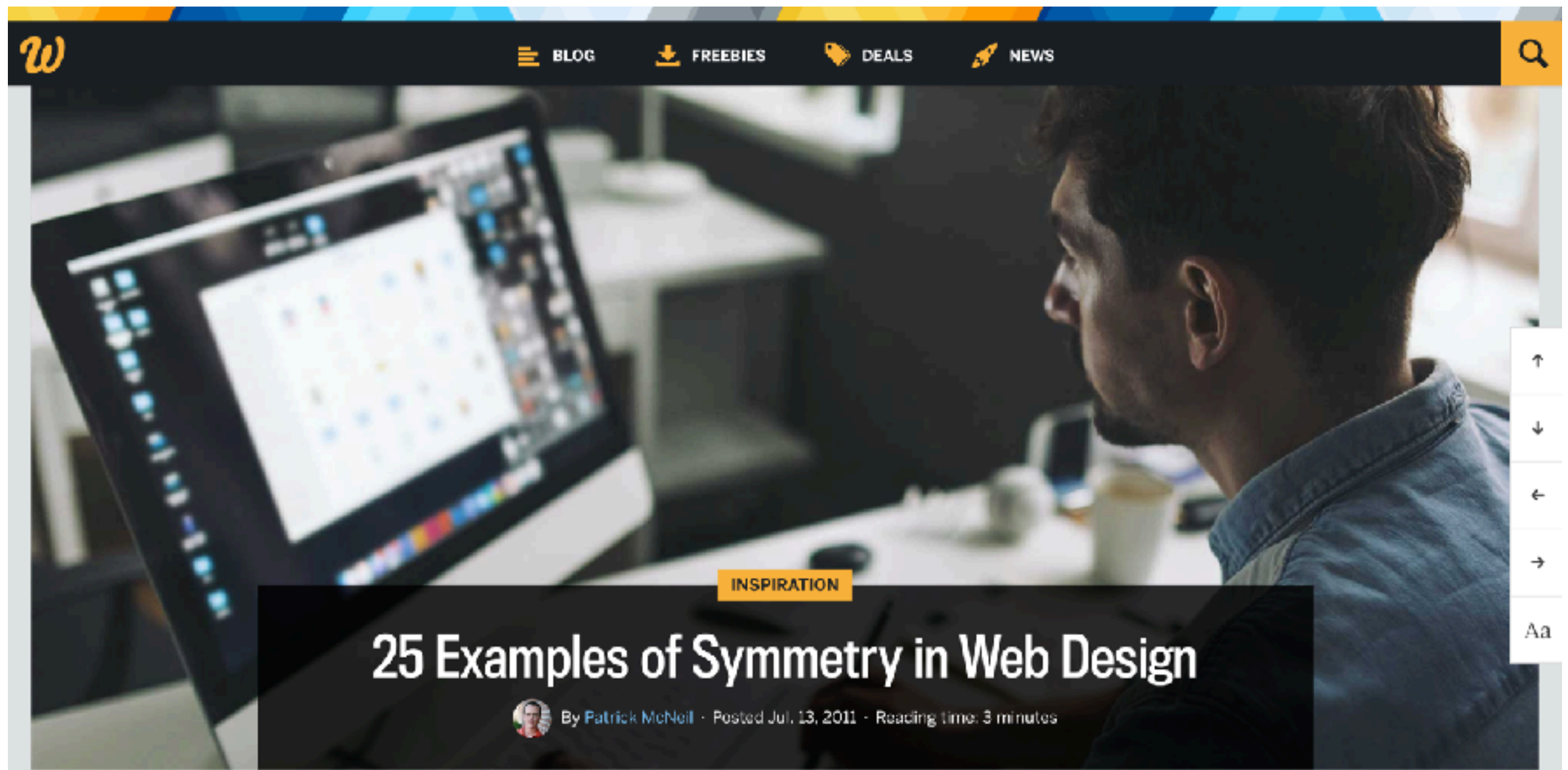
Design Issues - Gestalt Design Laws

Closure: We seek completeness



Design Issues - Gestalt Design Laws

Symmetry: The mind perceives objects as being symmetrical and forming around a center point.



Prototype

A concrete representation of all or part of a system

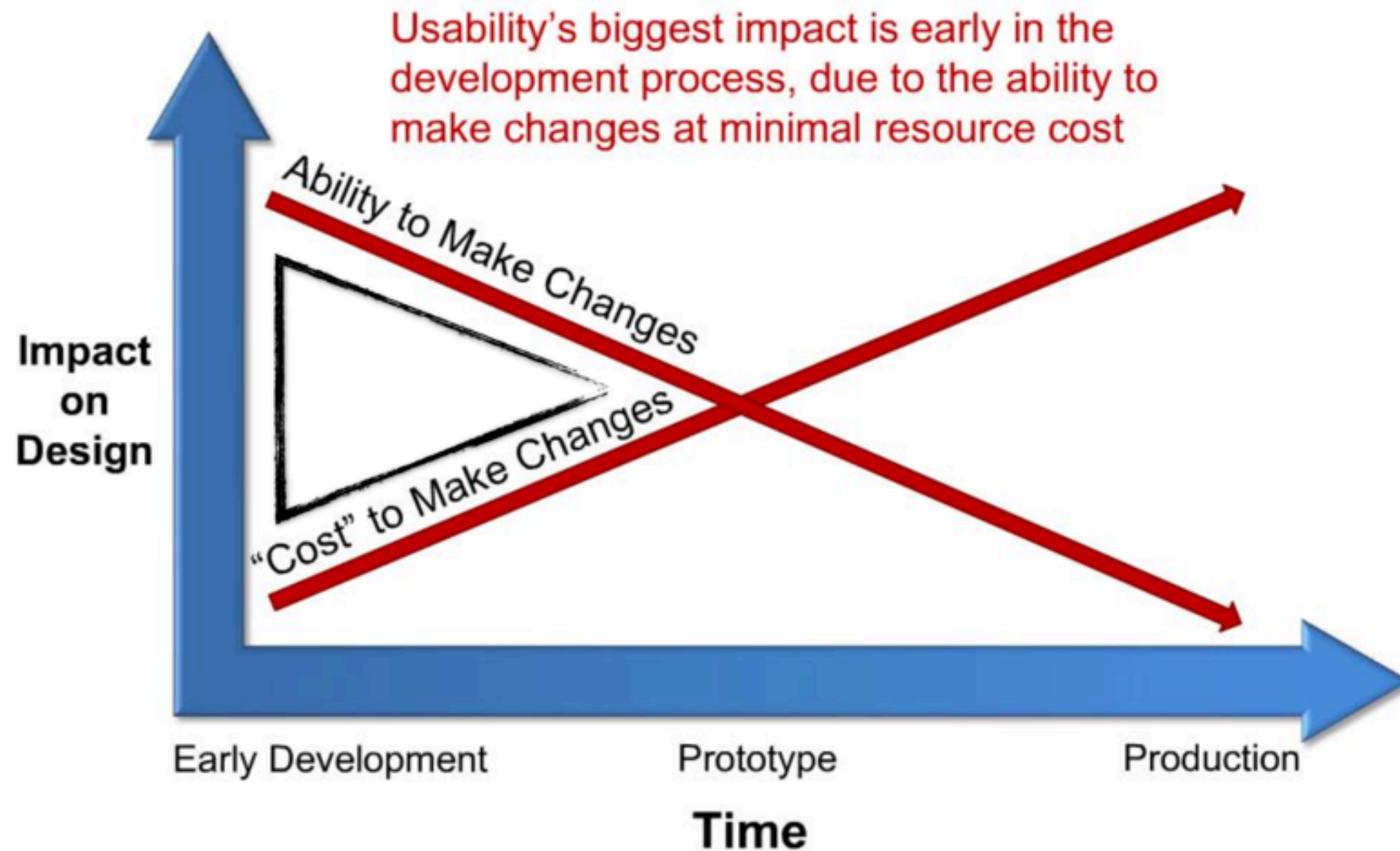
- Communication
- Evaluate usability

Prototyping Tools

From UseThis Website, the most common tools are:

- Paper prototype
- Wireframe prototype
- Sketch (\$49 a year for student)
- MockPlus (free + upgrade version)
- other online tools

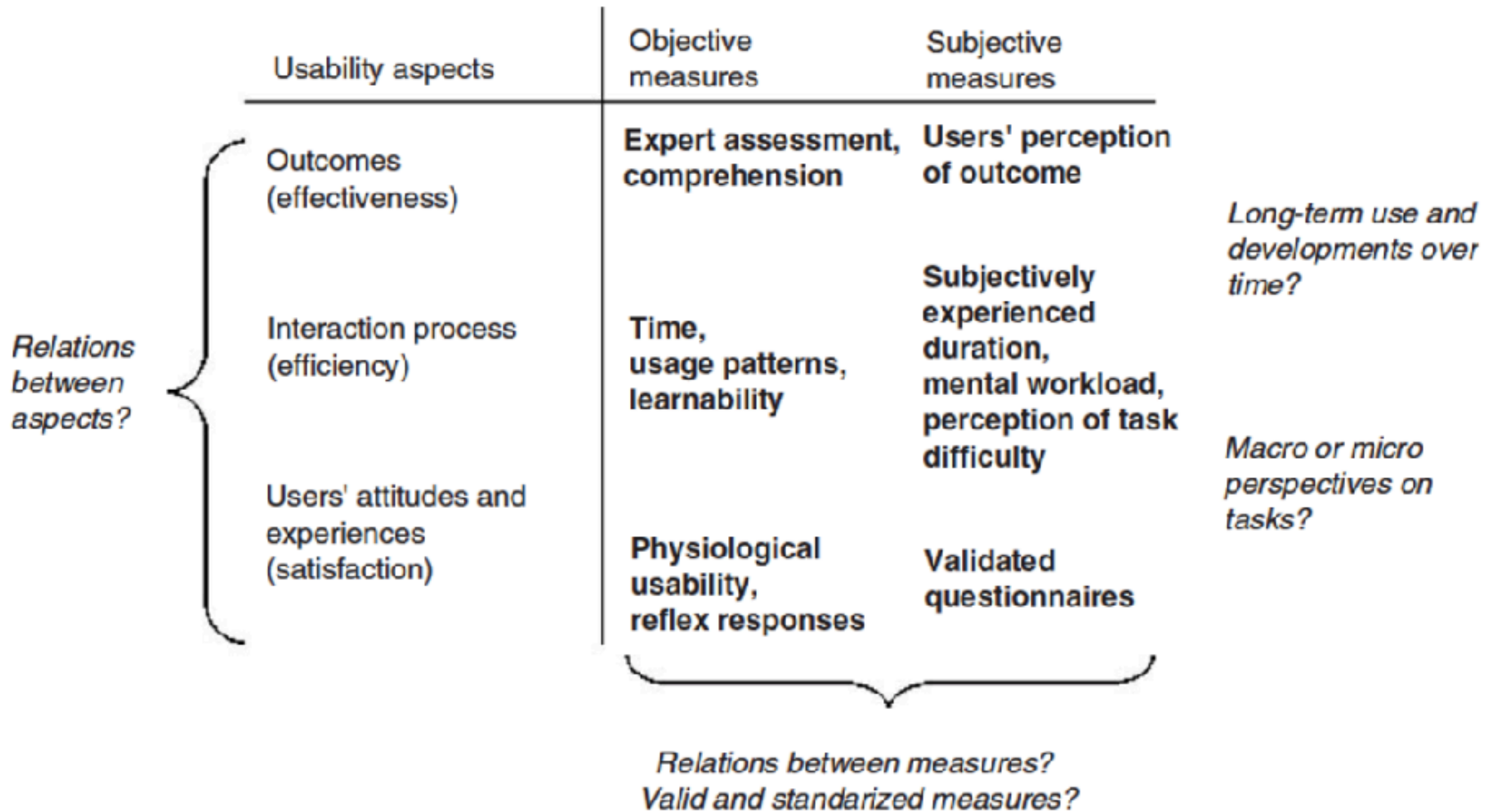
Evaluation - when?



Evaluation - when?

**As soon as you have something you can evaluate
(paper prototypes, low-fi prototype, fully functional
prototype)**

Evaluation — how?



Evaluation — how?

The most common methods are interview/questionnaire

- Don't offer the “Don't Know” choice
- Use open-ended questions
- Think aloud
- Don't ask people to identify ‘why they thought’ something