

#### **KEOUGH SCHOOL** 政 **OF GLOBAL AFFAIRS**

#### BACKGROUND

Once characterized by the coal mining industry, West Virginia, the poorest state in the United States, has long struggled to move up the economic and development ladder at the same rate as the rest of the country. With unemployment wavering above national averages, issues with social exclusion and transport poverty are at the helm. Key informant interviews and panel discussions with employees and leadership of Coalfield Development (a non-profit social enterprise in Wayne County, WV) revealed transportation as a critical barrier to work.

To provide some initial scoping for the organization in order to address employee transportation challenges, this analysis looks at public transit options and usage, in addition to unemployment and other potential factors.

### METHODS

This analysis focused on transport poverty and employment, using 2018 data from the US Census Bureau (unemployment, labor force participation, poverty, population density) and the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and spatial data retrieved from the US Census Bureau's TIGER Files. It also used image files from the Tri-State Transit Authority to digitize available bus routes in Wayne County, WV.

First, Map 1 used a HotSpot analysis of unemployment in the contiguous United States. Map 2 and Map 3 joined demographic data to WV shape file to create a choropleth map showing unemployment rates in Wayne census tracts and graduated symbols to represent labor force participation and poverty rates. Map 4 joined demographic data tp WV shape file to create a choropleth showing public transit usage as a means to work. It also used digitizing to highlight the limited public transit routes available in the county. Lastly, Map 5 used the same method as maps 2 and 3, but looked at population density.



# Transportation as a Barrier to Employment: The Case of Wayne County, WV A Report for Coalfield Development



concentrated in the northernmost census tracts.



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